

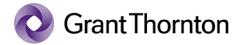
Financial Statements

Bladder Cancer Canada

December 31, 2022

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	3
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7 - 11



Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of Bladder Cancer Canada

Qualified opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bladder Cancer Canada, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of revenues and expenditures, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2022, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for qualified opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, current assets as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and net assets as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2022 and 2021 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the

Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mississauga, Canada April 5, 2023

Grant Thornton LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Statement of Revenues and	2022 Budget	•	
Year ended December 31	(unaudited)	2022	2021
Revenues	¢	¢ 450 507	¢ 565 480
Fundraising General sponsorships	\$ 665,000 135,000	\$ 458,597 250,354	\$ 565,482 272,269
Donations	220,000	208,436	367,078
Walk sponsorships	50,000	75,000	41,000
Restricted donations	-	20,369	129,199
Interest income	4,000	19,720	3,544
Wage subsidies	-	18,488	17,568
Gain on disposal of investments			1,929
	1,074,000	1,050,964	1,398,069
Expenditures (Note 3)			
Payroll	460,265	415,277	291,111
Awareness	212,250	209,060	130,936
Research	110,000	114,035	110,000
Fundraising	110,580	113,678	103,963
Administration	148,141	99,016	97,872
Patient Support Contribution to CBCRN	101,140	37,671	20,272
Contribution to CBCRN	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	112,505
	1,142,376	988,737	866,659
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ (68,376</u>)	<u>\$62,227</u>	<u>\$ 531,410</u>

Bladder Cancer Canada Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

Bladder Cancer Canada Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year ended December 31

		General fund	Quali	ty of Care fund	Co	ntingency fund	Total 2022		Total 2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$	783,673	\$	596,555	\$	150,000	\$ 1,530,228	\$	998,818
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		162,227	_	<u>(100,000</u>)	_		62,227	_	531,410
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	945,900	\$	496,555	\$	150,000	<u>\$ 1,592,455</u>	\$	1,530,228

Bladder Cancer Canada Statement of Financial Position		
December 31	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Cash	\$ 307,490	\$ 772,837
Cash held in internally restricted reserve fund Accounts receivable	746,555 7,517	746,555 3,439
Prepaid expenses	19,853	15,831
Due from CBCIS (Note 5) Harmonized sales tax receivable	3,038 12,216	3,154 26,654
	1,096,669	1,568,470
Investment-general fund	597,534	
	<u>\$ 1,694,203</u>	\$ 1,568,470
Liabilities		
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	\$ 41,748 60,000	\$ 38,242
	101,748	38,242
Net Assets		
General fund Contingency fund (internally restricted)	945,900 150,000	783,673 150,000
Quality of Care fund (internally restricted)	496,555	596,555
	1,592,455	1,530,228
	<u>\$ 1,694,203</u>	\$ 1,568,470

On behalf of the board

Middle Greeniki Director

Glen Mund

Director

Bladder Cancer Canada Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31	2022	2021
Operating activities Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Change in non-cash working capital: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Harmonized sales tax receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	\$ 62,227 (4,078) (4,022) 14,438 3,506 <u>60,000</u> 132,071	\$ 531,410 3,113 (7,285) (16,997) 4,740 - - 514,981
Investing activities Advances to CBCIS Net change in investments	116 (597,534) (597,418)	116 102,396 102,512
(Decrease) increase in cash	(465,347)	97,930
Cash Beginning of year End of year	<u>1,519,392</u> \$ 1,054,045	<u>901,899</u> \$ 1,519,392
Cash consists of: Cash Cash held in internally restricted reserve fund	\$ 307,490 <u>746,555</u> <u>\$ 1,054,045</u>	\$ 772,837 746,555 \$ 1,519,392

Bladder Cancer Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

1. Nature of operations

Bladder Cancer Canada ("the Organization") is a national registered charity organized to help bladder cancer patients and their support teams address the day-to-day issues of the disease, increase awareness of bladder cancer among the general public and medical community and fund research which pursues the diagnosis, treatment and elimination of bladder cancer. The Organization is incorporated without share capital under the Canada Not-For-Profit Corporations Act as a not-for-profit organization and is exempt from income tax as per Section 149(1)(L) of the Income Tax Act.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Organization applies the Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contribution and sponsorships are deferred until the the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions and sponsorships are recognized as revenue when they are received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Interest income is recognized when it is earned.

Wage subsidies are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate and when collection is assured.

Fund accounting

The general fund reports the revenue from fundraising, sponsorship and donations and expenses related to the operations and administration of the Organization. Revenue and expenditures are recorded on the accrual basis, whereby they are reflected in the accounts in the period in which they have been earned and incurred respectively, whether or not such transactions have been settled by the receipt or payment of money.

The quality of care fund represents an amount internally set aside by the Board of Directors to be used to fund research initiatives. On February 16, 2022, the Executive Committee passed a motion to change the name of the fund that was formerly know as the research fund to the quality of care fund.

The contingency fund represents an amount internally set aside by the Board of Directors to be used to help meet future obligations that may be incurred in a year that donations are lower then expected.

Bladder Cancer Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Cash held in internally restricted reserve fund

Cash held in internally restricted reserve fund consists of cash balance with banks, internally restricted as contingency fund and quality of care fund.

Contributed services

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized or disclosed in the financial statements.

Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. To date, the Organization does not have any material capital assets.

Measurement uncertainty

Management reviews the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements at each balance sheet date to assess the need for revisions. Many items in the preparation of these financial statements require management's best estimate based on assumptions that reflect the most probably set of economic conditions and planned courses of action.

These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to excess of revenue over expenditures as appropriate in the year they become known.

Financial instruments

The Organization considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument, except in certain limited circumstances. The Organization accounts for the following as financial instruments:

- Cash
- Cash held in internally restricted reserve fund
- Accounts receivable
- Accounts payable

A financial asset or liability is recognized when the Organization becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions.

Financial assets or liabilities obtained in related party transactions are measured in accordance with the accounting policy for related party transactions except for those transactions that are with a person or entity whose sole relationship with the Organization is in the capacity of management in which case they are accounted for in accordance with financial instruments.

The Organization subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

The Organization removes financial liabilities, or a portion thereof, when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. Previously recognized impairment losses are reversed to the extent of the improvement provided the asset is not carried at an amount, at the date of the reversal, greater than the amount that would have been the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized previously. The amounts of any write-downs or reversals are recognized in excess revenues over expenditures.

3. Allocation of expenditures by object

The statement of revenue and expenditures presents the expenditures by function. The details of the expenditures by object are:

	2022	2021
Payroll Awareness Research Fundraising Supplies and general Accounting and legal Patient meetings Board meetings Interest and bank charges Website New initiatives Patient handbook Insurance Telephone Brochures Memberships Travel Volunteer recognition Contribution to CBCRN	\$ 415,27 209,06 114,03 104,41 29,06 27,17 15,64 13,65 10,00 9,53 7,21 6,61 5,39 3,90 2,28 1,14 64	7 \$ 291,111 1 130,936 5 110,000 9 94,588 1 44,312 0 23,443 4 10,409 9 6,721 6 11,827 2 3,025 2 10,222 7 1,783 9 5,782 5 4,779 0 4,208 8 332 8 676
	\$ 988,73	

Bladder Cancer Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

4. Related party transactions

The Organization has a relationship with Canadian Bladder Cancer Research Network ("CBCRN") by virtue of a common board director and common management. Therefore the two organizations are considered to be related parties and transactions between the two organizations are considered related party transactions for accounting purposes. CBCRN is a federally incorporated not-for-profit organization.

During fiscal 2022, there were no related party transactions between the two entities.

5. CBCIS Project

The Canadian Bladder Cancer Information System ("CBCIS") project is a research endeavour between the Organization and the Research Institute of the McGill University Health Centre which involves the establishment and maintenance of a national database of bladder cancer patients through data input by 14 independent hospital research centres across Canada. The major funders for the fund are pharmaceutial companies with \$850,000 pledged for funding through 2024. The balance of funds at December 31, 2022 are predominately from those pharmaceutical companies in trust to be disbursed for the Canadian Bladder Cancer Information System expenditures under written agreements.

The contribution from Bladder Cancer Canada to the project was by way of performing administrative functions for the project and by providing the seed financing by way of an initial pledge of \$150,000 in 2014 to this project and then additional funding totaling \$400,000 in the future. During the year, Bladder Cancer Canada contributed \$Nil (2021 - \$Nil) to the CBCIS project.

Bladder Cancer Canada is performing administrative functions and providing financing for the research project between the Organization and the Research Institute of McGill University Hospital through Canadian Bladder Cancer Information System.

	 2022	 2021
Amounts recceivable	\$ 3,038	\$ 3,154

6. Budget amounts

The budgeted figures presented for comparison purposes are unaudited. These figures are those approved by the Board of Directors and have been reclassified to conform with these financial statements.

7. Financial instruments

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2022.

7. Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is not exposed to significant credit risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or expected future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. The organization is mainly exposed to interest rate risk through fixed interest rates on guaranteed investment certificates held.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed and floating interest rate financial instruments. Given the current composition of fixed-rate instruments subject the organization to a fair value risk while the floating-rate instruments subject it to a cash flow risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities.